


```
SELECT  
  'amazing_features'  
FROM  
  "postgresql"
```







Postgres 95



PostgreSQL v1



#2 BEGGIE



#3 DIANE



#4 SICK BOY



#5 SPUD



#1 NENTON

PostgreSQL v6...



Kevin DAVIN



@davinkevin

@davinkevin.fr



Google Developer Expert
on **Google Cloud & Kotlin**



Gitlab Heroes



Open Source Contributor





Our mission at **Gradle** is to **accelerate developer productivity** and **make developers happier**



What comes after DevOps?

1970s+

1980s+

1990s+

2000s+

2010s+

2020+

JIT
Manufacturing

Business
Process
Reengineering

Change
management

Agile, Lean Six
Sigma

DevOps

DPE

Developer Productivity Engineering



“If you can’t measure it, you can’t improve it!”

by Peter Drucker

The screenshot displays the Gradle Enterprise web interface for a build named "example-build build" on 19 Oct 2021 at 01:14:12 CEST. The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options: Summary, Console log, Timeline (selected), Performance, Tests, Projects, Dependencies, Build dependencies, Plugins, Switches, Infrastructure, and Delete Build Scan. The main area shows a summary of 55 tasks executed in 4 projects in 1.799s, with 9 avoided tasks saving 5.667s. A timeline chart is divided into "Initialization & configuration" and "Execution" phases. The execution phase shows a bar chart with tasks like ":app:test" and ":list:test". A dropdown menu indicates the order is "Execution". A task details window for ":app:test" is open, showing its path, type, and duration.

Gradle Enterprise

example-build build 19 Oct 2021 01:14:12 CEST

55 tasks executed in 4 projects in 1.799s, with 9 avoided tasks saving 5.667s

Initialization & configuration Execution

:app:test

:list:test

Order: Execution

:app:testClasses 1.037s 0.000s org.gradle.api.DefaultTask

:app:test

:list:check

:list:build

:app:check

:app:build

Details Predecessors Successors

Path :app:test

Type org.gradle.api.tasks.testing.Test

This task is on the critical path.

Started after 1.038s

Duration > 0.754s

Structured Query Language



Standard ISO/IEC 9075-1



**Never
Forget
The order...**



From
Join

Where

Group by

Aggregate
Functions

Having

Window
Functions

Select

Distinct

Union
Intersect
Except

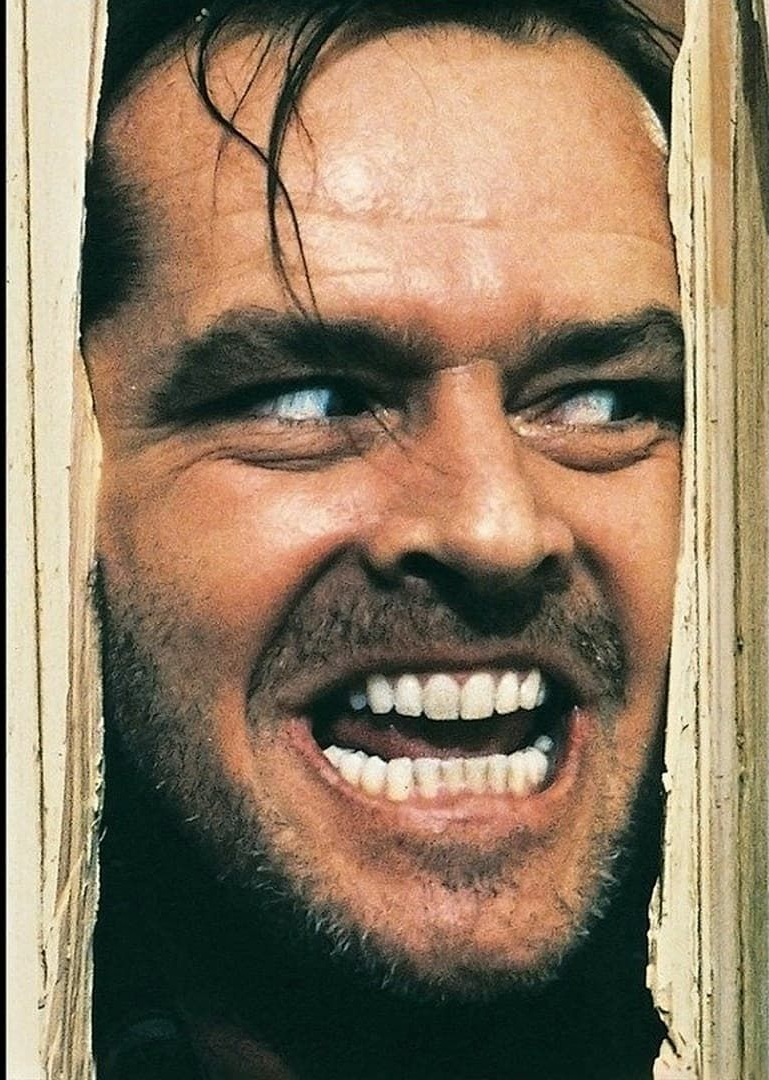
Order by

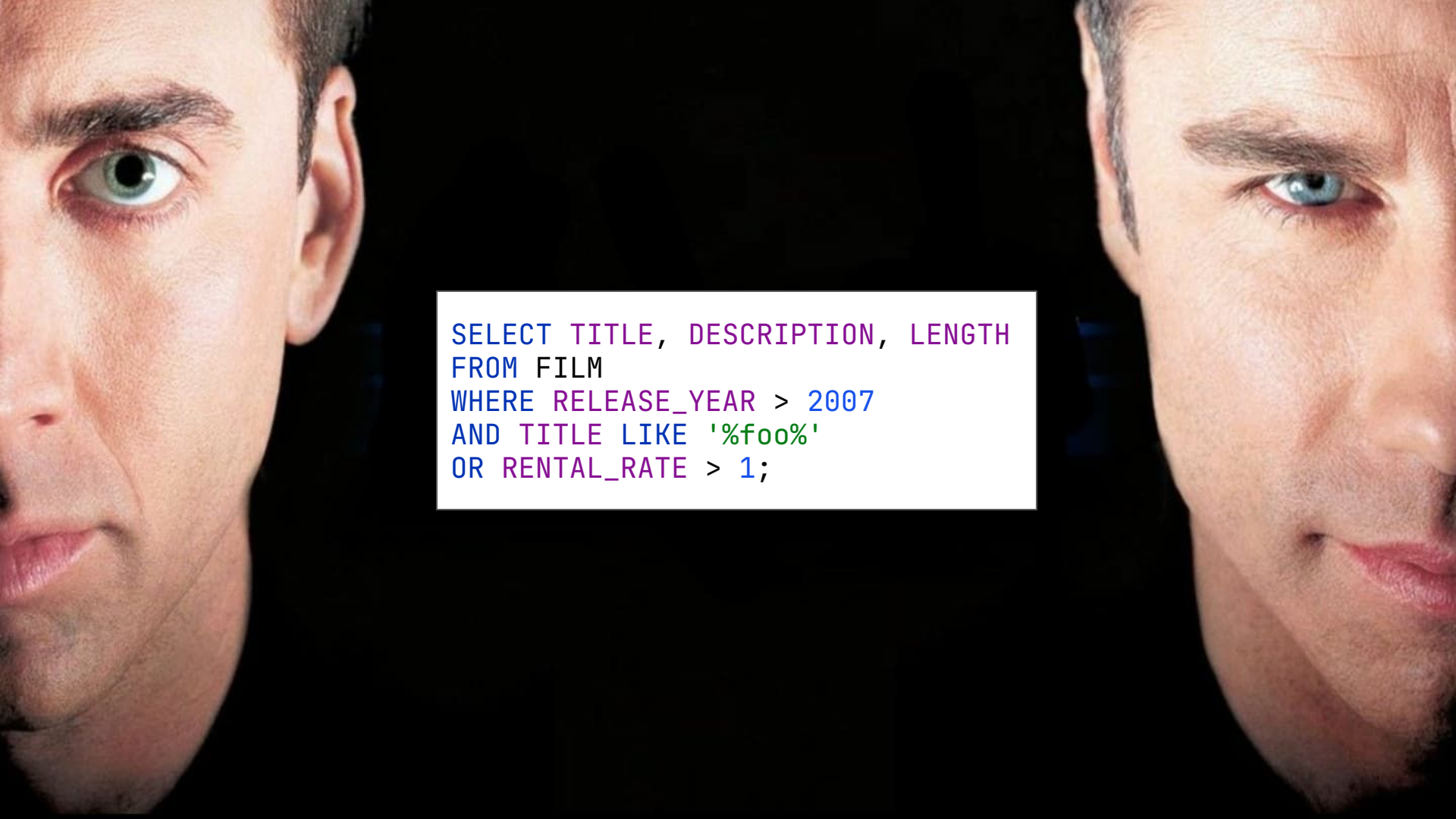
Offset

Limit
Fetch
Top

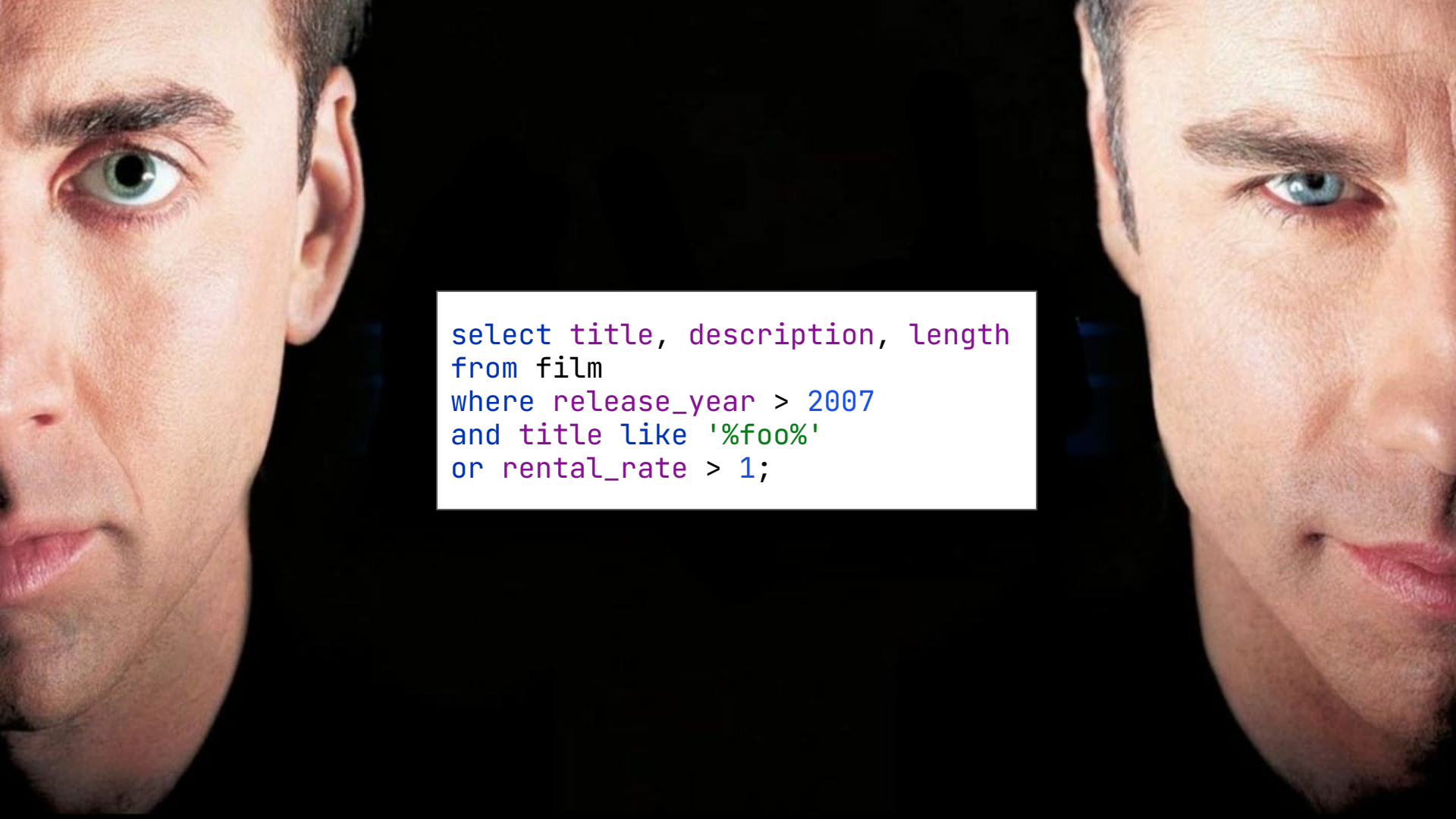


Don't need to
shout...





```
SELECT TITLE, DESCRIPTION, LENGTH
FROM FILM
WHERE RELEASE_YEAR > 2007
AND TITLE LIKE '%foo%'
OR RENTAL_RATE > 1;
```

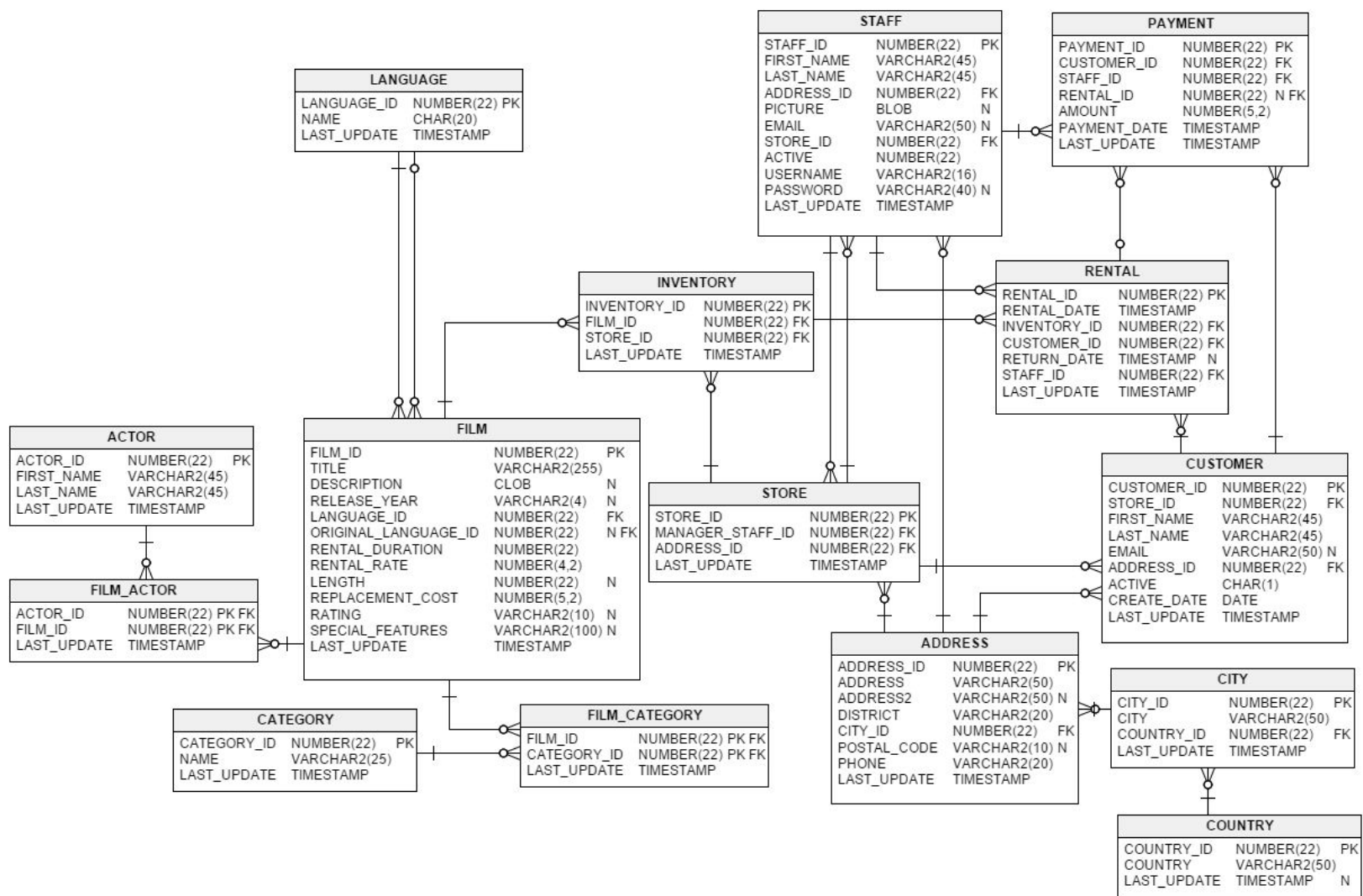


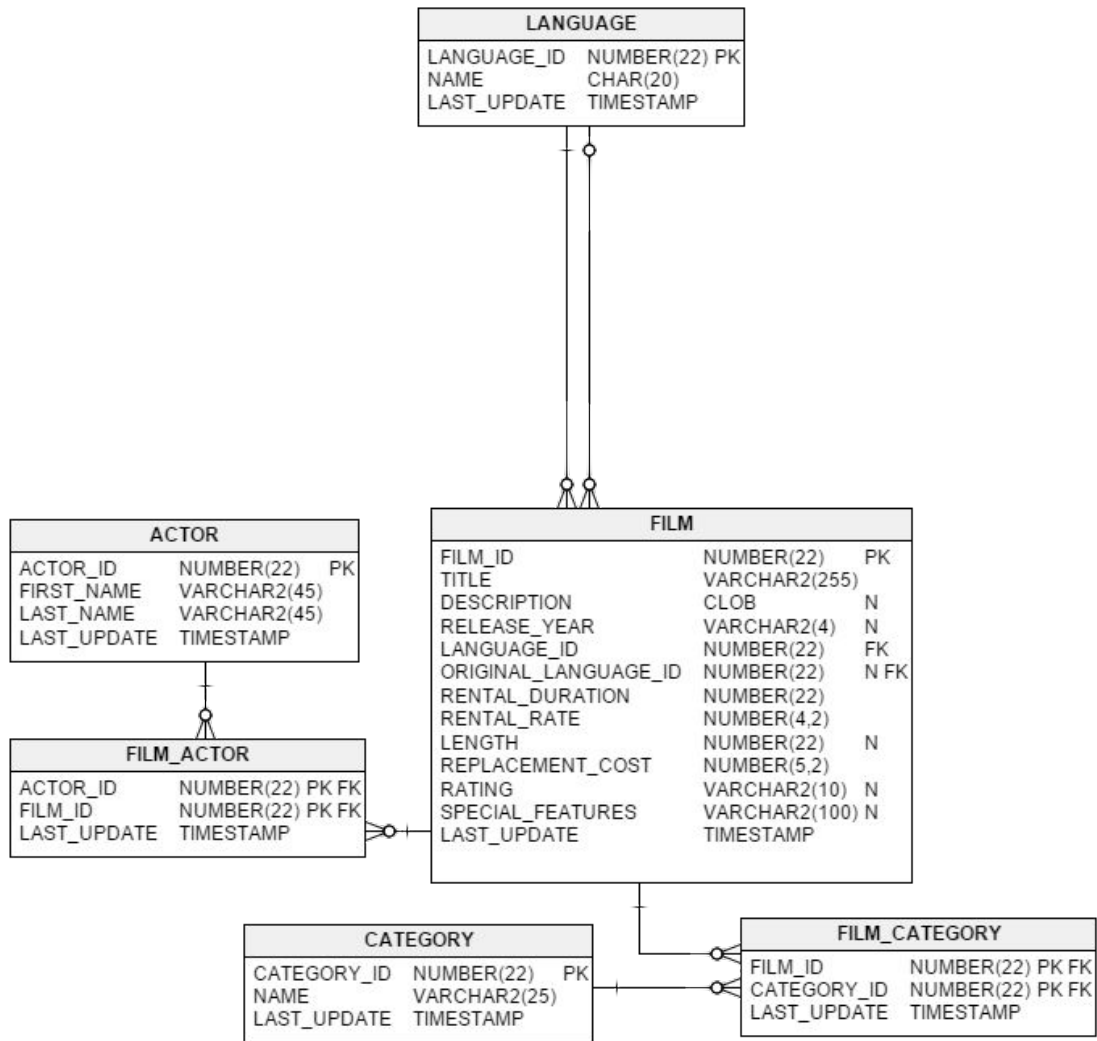
```
select title, description, length
from film
where release_year > 2007
and title like '%foo%'
or rental_rate > 1;
```

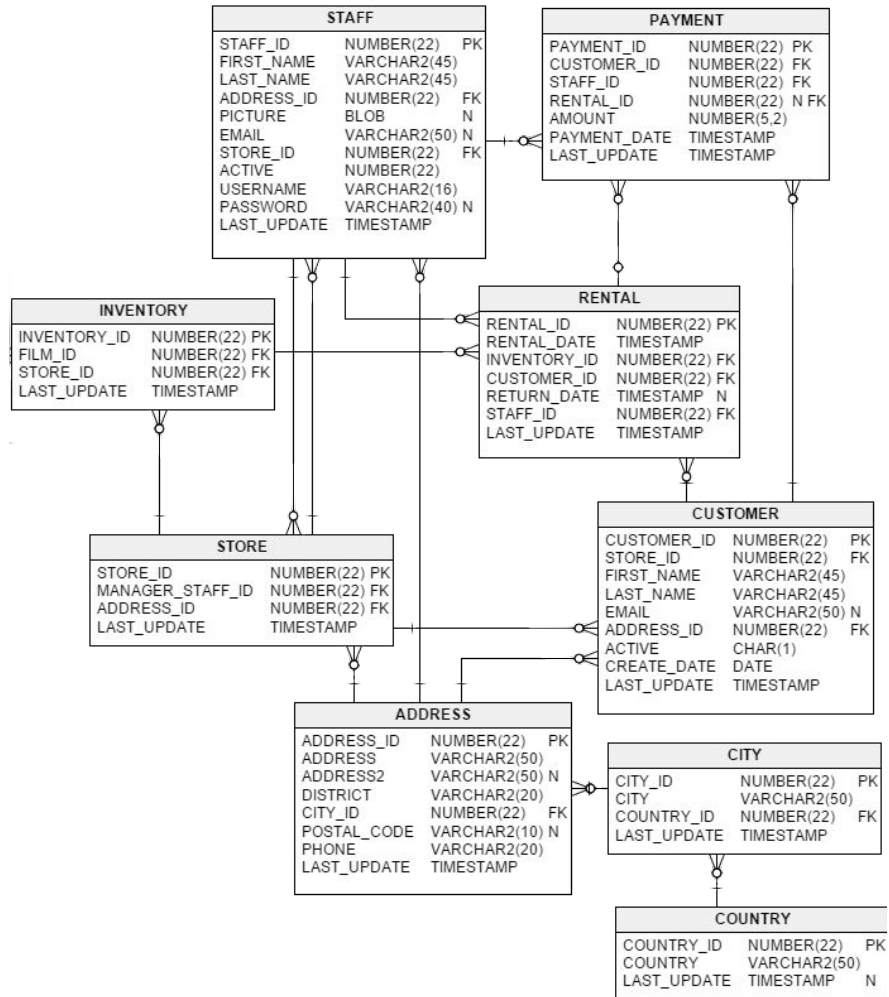


Sakila Database

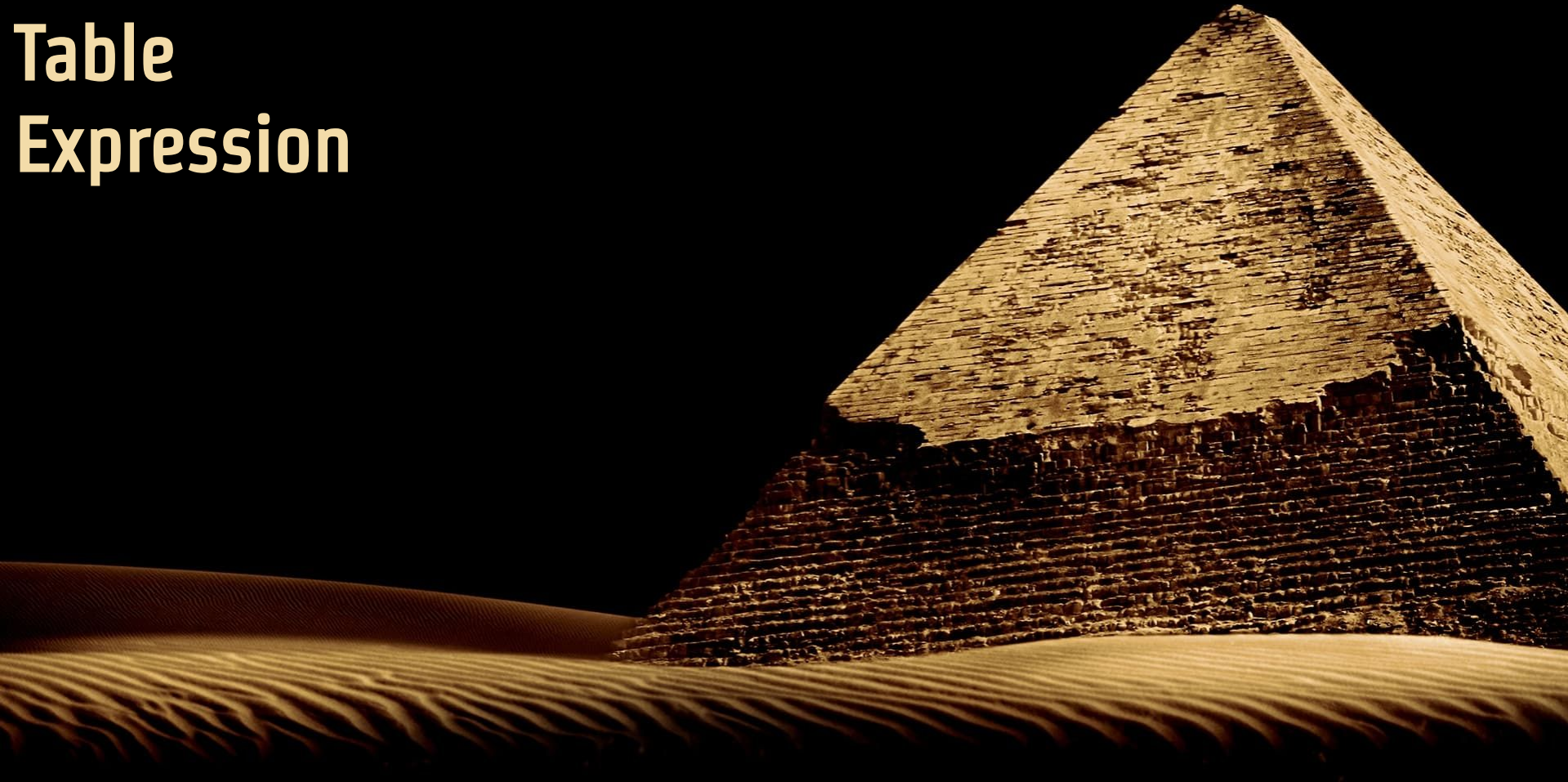


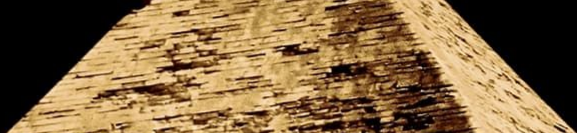




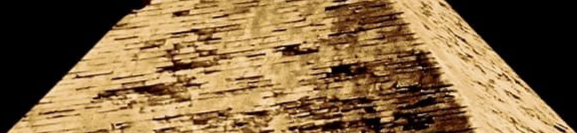


Common Table Expression

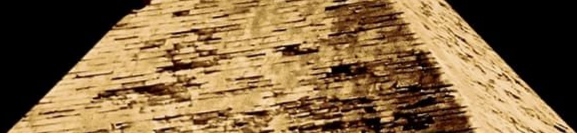




```
select
  c.first_name || ' ' || c.last_name,
  sum(amount)
from
  customer c
  join (
    select r.customer_id
    from rental r
      inner join inventory i on r.inventory_id = i.inventory_id
      inner join film f on i.film_id = f.film_id
      inner join film_category fc on f.film_id = fc.film_id
      inner join category cat on cat.category_id = fc.category_id
    where cat.name = 'Documentary'
    group by r.customer_id
  ) r on c.customer_id = r.customer_id
  join payment ps on c.customer_id = ps.customer_id
group by c.first_name, c.last_name
order by 2 desc;
```



```
var result = foo(bar(baz(1, foo(2,3)), really(4, tooMuch(5,6))), 7);
```



```
var first = tooMuch(5, 6);  
var second = foo(2, 3);  
var third = really(4, first);  
var fourth = baz(1, second);  
var last = bar(fourth, third);  
var result = foo(last, 7);
```



Better readability

Better readability

```
with documentary_rentals as (  
    select r.customer_id  
    from rental r  
        inner join inventory i on r.inventory_id = i.inventory_id  
        inner join film f on i.film_id = f.film_id  
        inner join film_category fc on f.film_id = fc.film_id  
        inner join category cat on cat.category_id = fc.category_id  
    where cat.name = 'Documentary'  
    group by r.customer_id  
)
```

```
select  
    c.first_name || ' ' || c.last_name,  
    sum(ps.amount)  
from  
    customer c  
        join documentary_rentals r on c.customer_id = r.customer_id  
        join payment ps on c.customer_id = ps.customer_id  
group by c.first_name, c.last_name  
order by 2 desc
```

Naming
is important



Naming is important



```
with documentary_rentals as (  
  select r.customer_id  
  from rental r  
         inner join inventory i on r.inventory_id = i.inventory_id  
         inner join film f on i.film_id = f.film_id  
         inner join film_category fc on f.film_id = fc.film_id  
         inner join category cat on cat.category_id = fc.category_id  
  where cat.name = 'Documentary'  
  group by r.customer_id  
)  
select  
  c.first_name || ' ' || c.last_name,  
  sum(ps.amount)  
from  
  customer c  
  join documentary_rentals r on c.customer_id = r.customer_id  
  join payment ps on c.customer_id = ps.customer_id  
group by c.first_name, c.last_name  
order by 2 desc
```

Faster Execution



Faster Execution

```
with
  first_cte as (...),
  second_cte as (...),
  third_cte as (...)
select
  c.first_name || ' ' || c.last_name,
  sum(ps.amount)
from
  ...
group by c.first_name, c.last_name
order by 2 desc
```

Window Functions



From
Join

Where

Group by

Aggregate
Functions

Having

Window
Functions

Select

Distinct

Union
Intersect
Except

Order by

Offset

Limit
Fetch
Top



Window Functions

```
select rating, count(*) as "number of movie"  
from film  
group by rating;
```

rating	number of movie
PG	194
G	178
NC-17	210
PG-13	223
R	195



```
select
  count(*) as "all",
  count(*) filter ( where rating = 'PG' ) as "PG",
  count(*) filter ( where rating = 'G' ) as "G",
  count(*) filter ( where rating = 'NC-17' ) as "NC-17",
  count(*) filter ( where rating = 'PG-13' ) as "PG-13",
  count(*) filter ( where rating = 'R' ) as "R"
from film;
```

all	PG	G	NC-17	PG-13	R
1000	194	178	210	223	195

```
select
```

```
count(*) filter ( where length > 30 ) as "> 30m",  
count(*) filter ( where length > 60 ) as "> 60m",  
count(*) filter ( where length > 90 ) as "> 90m",  
count(*) filter ( where length > 120 ) as "> 120m",  
count(*) filter ( where length > 180 ) as "> 180m"  
from film;
```

> 30m	> 60m	> 90m	> 120m	> 180m
1000	896	675	457	39

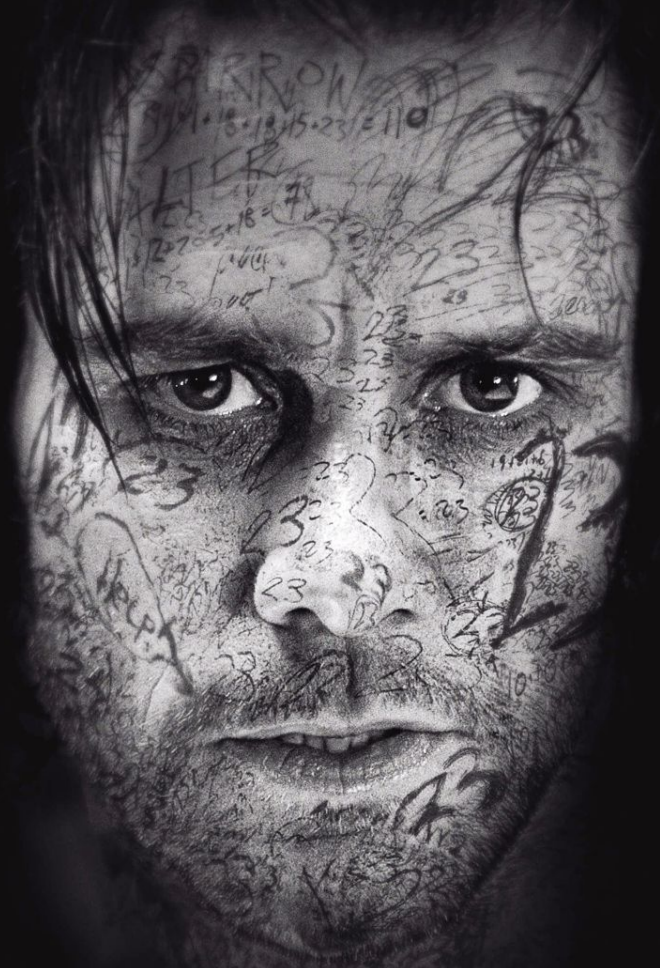
```

select
  count(*) as "all",
  count(*) filter ( where rating = 'PG' ) as "PG",
  count(*) filter ( where rating = 'G' ) as "G",
  count(*) filter ( where rating = 'NC-17' ) as "NC-17",
  count(*) filter ( where rating = 'PG-13' ) as "PG-13",
  count(*) filter ( where rating = 'R' ) as "R",
  count(*) filter ( where length > 30 ) as "> 30m",
  count(*) filter ( where length > 60 ) as "> 60m",
  count(*) filter ( where length > 90 ) as "> 90m",
  count(*) filter ( where length > 120 ) as "> 120m",
  count(*) filter ( where length > 180 ) as "> 180m"
from film

```

all	PG	G	NC-17	PG-13	R	> 30m	> 60m	> 90m	> 120m	> 180m
1000	194	178	210	223	195	1000	896	675	457	39

row_number()



row_number()



```
create table film_with_duplicate (  
    film_id integer default nextval('film_film_id_seq'::regclass) not null,  
    title character varying(255) not null  
);
```

```
insert into film_with_duplicate (title)  
    -- all original films are inserted  
    (select title from film)  
union all  
    -- and we insert 40 random films from the same list  
    (select title from film order by random() limit 40);
```



row_number()



```
select count(*) as "number of films"  
from film_with_duplicate;
```

number of films

1040

row_number()



```
select title, film_id
from film_with_duplicate
order by title;
```

title	film_id
ACADEMY DINOSAUR	1074
ACE GOLDFINGER	1747
ADAPTATION HOLES	1986
ADAPTATION HOLES	2034
AFFAIR PREJUDICE	1614
AFRICAN EGG	1047

row_number()



```
select title, film_id
       row_number() over (partition by title) as duplication_times,
from film_with_duplicate
```

title	duplication_times	film_id
ACADEMY DINOSAUR	1	1074
ACE GOLDFINGER	1	1747
ADAPTATION HOLES	1	1986
ADAPTATION HOLES	2	2034
AFFAIR PREJUDICE	1	1614
AFRICAN EGG	1	1047

row_number()



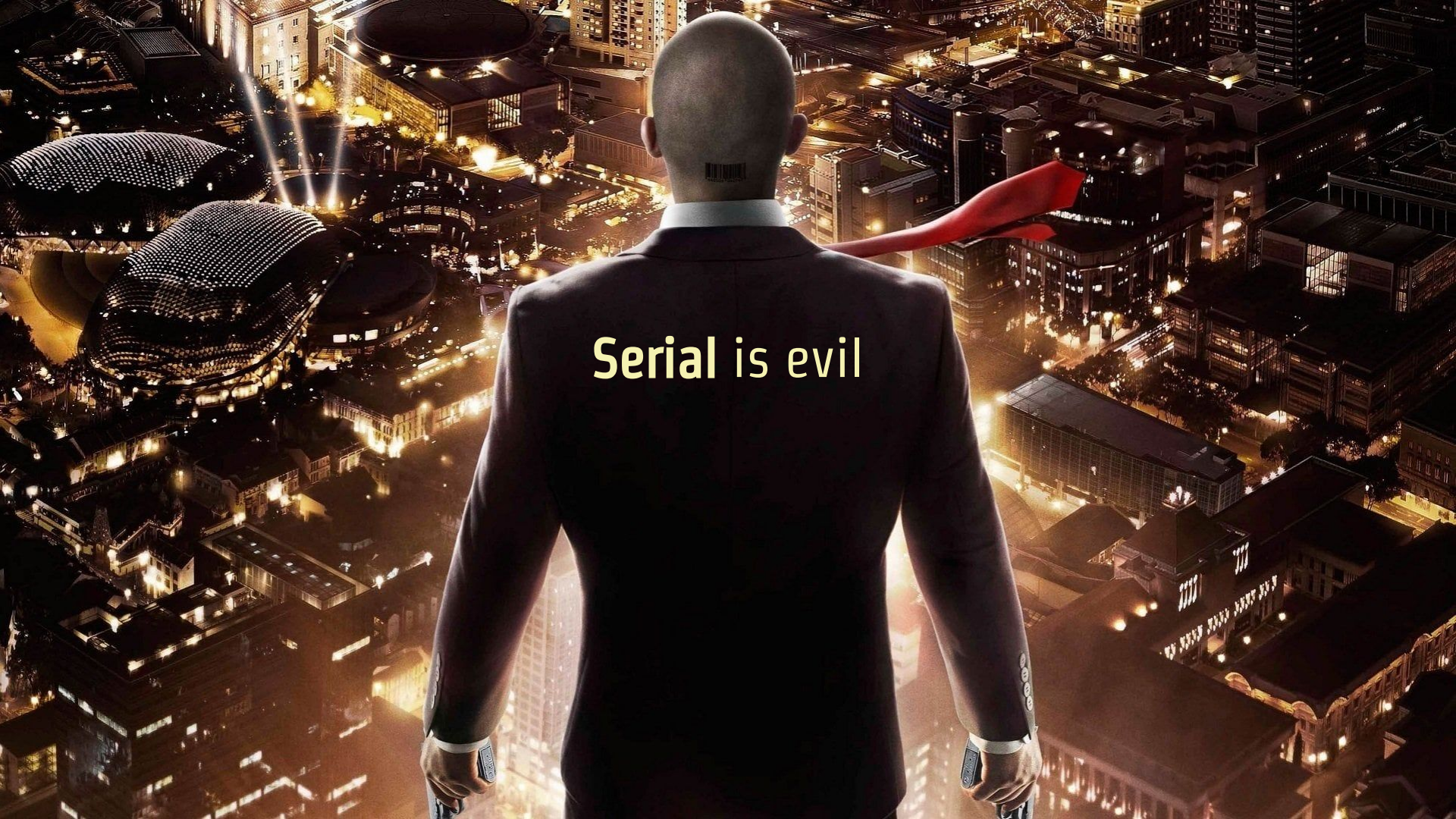
```
with iteration_of_each_film_entry as (  
    select title, film_id,  
           row_number() over (partition by title) as duplication_times  
    from film_with_duplicate  
)  
delete from film_with_duplicate  
where film_id IN (  
    select distinct film_id  
    from iteration_of_each_film_entry  
    where duplication_times > 1  
);
```

title	duplication_times	film_id
ACADEMY DINOSAUR	1	1074
ACE GOLDFINGER	1	1747
ADAPTATION HOLES	1	1986
ADAPTATION HOLES	2	2034
AFFAIR PREJUDICE	1	1614
AFRICAN EGG	1	1047


row_number()



40 rows affected in 18 ms




Serial is evil



Serial

```
create table film_serial (  
    id serial primary key,  
    title character varying(255) not null  
);
```

```
insert into film_serial (title)  
values  
    ('Matrix'),  
    ('Matrix Reloaded'),  
    ('Matrix Revolutions'),  
    ('Matrix Resurrections')  
returning id, title;
```

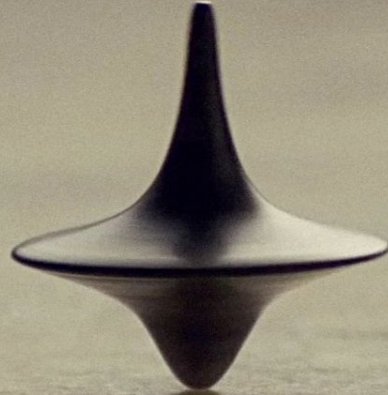


Serial

id	title
1	Matrix
2	Matrix Reloaded
3	Matrix Revolutions
4	Matrix Resurrections

```
select currval('film_serial_id_seq'::regclass);
```

UUID is better!





UUID is better!

```
create extension "uuid-oss";
create table if not exists film_uuid (
    id uuid primary key default uuid_generate_v4(),
    title character varying(255) not null
);
```

```
insert into film_uuid (title)
values ('Matrix'),
       ('Matrix Reloaded'),
       ('Matrix Revolutions'),
       ('Matrix Resurrections')
returning id, title;
```

UUID is better!

id		title
60b8a533-2680-4eaa-a75e-128aa0c67df9		Matrix
45d3f3c9-cbbe-450f-8d14-cbdfd30c1109		Matrix Reloaded
d1687d3e-3d75-4620-8ade-f26c6e8fd8ae		Matrix Revolutions
16f8daf5-2bd5-4816-ac6d-79042ab3b584		Matrix Resurrections





UUID is better!

```
insert into film_uuid (id, title)
values
  ('4339890d-706f-4950-a862-542f288dca2e' ::uuid, 'Matrix'),
  ('b4774c08-8be9-44a4-90aa-8b9af26a5c13' ::uuid, 'Matrix Reloaded'),
  ('3f09a064-2f32-41b9-be24-94cc0b068a40' ::uuid, 'Matrix Revolutions'),
  ('fae647ab-7c60-4e7c-b4a5-2188b3845f83' ::uuid, 'Matrix Resurrections')
-- returning id, title;
```




C
O
N
S
T
R
A
I
N
T
S

Constraints



```
create table film_with_isan (  
  film_id integer default nextval('film_film_id_seq'::regclass) NOT NULL,  
  title character varying(255) not null,  
  isan character varying(255)  
);
```

Constraints



```
create table film_with_isan (  
  film_id integer default nextval('film_film_id_seq'::regclass) NOT NULL,  
  title character varying(255) not null,  
  isan character varying(255),  
  
  constraint has_valid_isan check (  
    isan is null or  
    isan ~* 'ISAN [0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-z]-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-z]'  
    --      ISAN      0000 - 0001 - 8947 - 0000 - 8- 0000 - 0000 - D  
  )  
);
```

Constraints



```
create table film_with_isan (  
  film_id integer default nextval('film_film_id_seq'::regclass) NOT NULL,  
  title character varying(255) not null,  
  isan character varying(255),  
  
  constraint has_valid_isan check (  
    isan is null or  
    isan ~* 'ISAN [0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-z]-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-f]{4}-[0-9a-z]'  
    --      ISAN      0000 - 0001 - 8947 - 0000 - 8- 0000 - 0000 - D  
  ),  
  constraint isan_is_unique unique (isan)  
);
```

Constraints



```
sakila.public> insert into film_with_isan (title, isan)
                values ('INVALID_ISAN', '63998367-c0c9-4fe0-82fc-ba4c96890ee1');
```

```
[2023-03-25 17:04:37] [23514] ERROR: new row for relation "film_with_isan" violates check constraint "has_valid_isan"
[2023-03-25 17:04:37] Detail: Failing row contains (2042, INVALID_ISAN, 63998367-c0c9-4fe0-82fc-ba4c96890ee1).
```

Constraints

```
sakila.public> insert into film_with_isan (title, isan)
                values ('REAL_ISAN', 'ISAN 0000-0001-68EC-0000-X-0000-0000-C');
```

```
[2023-03-25 17:07:47] 1 row affected in 13 ms
```

```
sakila.public> insert into film_with_isan (title, isan)
                values ('REAL_ISAN', 'ISAN 0000-0001-68EC-0000-X-0000-0000-C');
```

```
[2023-03-25 17:08:21] [23505] ERROR: duplicate key value violates unique constraint "isan_is_unique"
[2023-03-25 17:08:21] Detail: Key (isan)=(ISAN 0000-0001-68EC-0000-X-0000-0000-C) already exists.
```

Type



Type

```
create type isan_type as (  
    block_1 varchar(4), block_2 varchar(4), block_3 varchar(4), block_4 varchar(4),  
    block_5 varchar(1), block_6 varchar(4), block_7 varchar(4), block_8 varchar(1)  
);
```

```
create domain isan as isan_type check (  
    (value).block_1 is not null and (value).block_1 ~* '[0-9a-f]{4}'  
    and (value).block_2 is not null and (value).block_2 ~* '[0-9a-f]{4}'  
    and (value).block_3 is not null and (value).block_3 ~* '[0-9a-f]{4}'  
    and (value).block_4 is not null and (value).block_4 ~* '[0-9a-f]{4}'  
    and (value).block_5 is not null and (value).block_5 ~* '[0-9a-f]'  
    and (value).block_6 is not null and (value).block_6 ~* '[0-9a-f]{4}'  
    and (value).block_7 is not null and (value).block_7 ~* '[0-9a-f]{4}'  
    and (value).block_8 is not null and (value).block_8 ~* '[0-9a-f]'  
);
```


Type

```
select ('0000', '0001', '68ec', '0000', 'a', '0000', '0000', 'c')::isan;
```

isan
(0000,0001,68ec,0000,a,0000,0000,c)

Type

```
select (null, '0001', '68ec', '0000', 'a', '0000', '0000', 'c')::isan;
```

```
[2023-03-29 21:15:46] [23514] ERROR: value for domain isan violates check  
constraint "isan_check"
```

Type

```
create function isan_to_text(isan) ... $$
create function text_to_isan(isan) ... $$
create function isan_exception(text) ... $$
create function isan_equals(isan) ... $$
create function isan_not_equals(isan) ... $$
```

```
select
  isan_equals(
    text_to_isan('ISAN 0000-0001-68EC-0000-A-0000-0000-C'),
    text_to_isan('ISAN 0000-0001-68EC-0000-A-0000-0000-C')
  ) as isan_equality,

  isan_not_equals(
    ('0000', '0001', '68ec', '0000', 'a', '0000', '0000', 'c')::isan,
    text_to_isan('ISAN 0000-0001-68EC-0000-A-0000-0000-C')
  ) as isan_different
;
```

Type



Type

```
create operator = (  
  leftarg = isan,  
  rightarg = isan,  
  procedure = isan_equals,  
  commutator = =,  
  negator = ≠,  
  hashes,  
  merges  
);
```

```
create operator ≠ (  
  leftarg = isan,  
  rightarg = isan,  
  function = isan_not_equals,  
  commutator = ≠,  
  negator = =,  
  hashes,  
  merges  
);
```

```
select  
  text_to_isan('ISAN 0000-0001-68EC-0000-A-0000-0000-C') = text_to_isan('ISAN 0000-0001-68EC-0000-A-0000-0000-C'),  
  text_to_isan('ISAN 0000-0001-68EC-0000-A-0000-0000-C') ≠ text_to_isan('ISAN 0000-0001-68EC-0000-A-0000-0000-C');
```



A man and a woman are shown in profile, looking down. The man is on the left, wearing a dark shirt, and the woman is on the right, wearing a light-colored, textured top. The background is a gradient from dark on the left to light on the right. The text "Listen | Notify" is positioned in the bottom left corner.

Listen | Notify

Listen | Notify



```
create or replace function notify_new_film()
returns trigger
language plpgsql
as $$
declare
    channel text := TG_ARGV[0];
begin
    perform (
        with payload as (select NEW.film_id as id, NEW.title as title)
        select pg_notify(channel, row_to_json(payload)::text) from payload
    );
    return null;
end;
$$;
```

```
create trigger notify_clients
after insert on film_with_notification
for each row execute procedure notify_new_film('film.add');
```


Listen | Notify



```
listen "film.add";
```

Asynchronous notification "film.add" with payload `{"id":1010,"title":"Speed"}` received from server process with PID 161.

Asynchronous notification "film.add" with payload `{"id":1011,"title":"John Wick"}` received from server process with PID 161.

Asynchronous notification "film.add" with payload `{"id":1012,"title":"Point Break"}` received from server process with PID 161.

Asynchronous notification "film.add" with payload `{"id":1013,"title":"The Devil's Advocate"}` received from server process with PID 161.

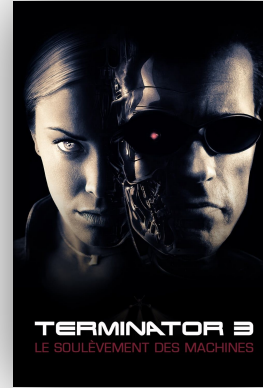
Asynchronous notification "film.add" with payload `{"id":1014,"title":"The Lake House"}` received from server process with PID 161.

```
insert into film_with_notification(title)
values
  ('Speed'), ('John Wick'), ('Point Break'),
  ('The Devil's Advocate'), ('The Lake House');
```

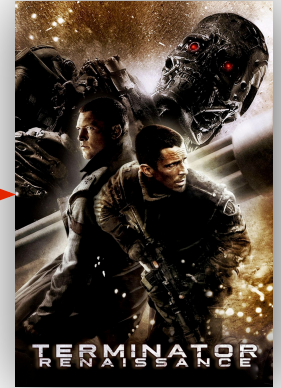
tree & more



Itree & more



Itree & more



ltree & more

```
create extension ltree;

create table film_with_saga_order (
    film_id integer default nextval('film_film_id_seq'::regclass) NOT NULL,
    title character varying(255) not null,
    saga_order ltree
);

insert into film_with_saga_order (film_id, title, saga_order)
values
    (1, 'Terminator', '1'),
    (2, 'Terminator 2: Judgment Day', '1.2'),
    (3, 'Terminator 3: Rise of the Machines', '1.2.3'),
    (4, 'Terminator Salvation', '1.2.3.4'),
    (5, 'Terminator Genisys', '1.5'),
    (6, 'Terminator: Dark Fate', '1.2.6');
```

ltree & more

```
with selected_movie as (  
    select saga_order  
    from film_with_saga_order  
    where film_id = 6  
)  
select *  
from film_with_saga_order  
where saga_order @> (select saga_order from selected_movie);  
-- @> means '[left ltree] is ancestor of [right ltree]
```

film_id	title	saga_order
1	Terminator	1
2	Terminator 2: Judgment Day	1.2
6	Terminator: Dark Fate	1.2.6

Itree & **more**



ltree & more

```
create table film_with_previous (  
    film_id integer default nextval('film_film_id_seq'::regclass) NOT NULL,  
    title character varying(255) not null,  
  
    previous integer  
);
```

```
insert into film_with_previous (film_id, title, previous)  
values  
    (1, 'Terminator', null),  
    (2, 'Terminator 2: Judgment Day', 1),  
    (3, 'Terminator 3: Rise of the Machines', 2),  
    (4, 'Terminator Salvation', 3),  
    (5, 'Terminator Genisys', 1),  
    (6, 'Terminator: Dark Fate', 2);
```


ltree & more

```
with recursive saga as (  
  select f.film_id, f.title, f.previous  
  from film_with_previous f  
  where f.film_id = 6  
  union all  
  select f.film_id, f.title, f.previous  
  from film_with_previous f  
  inner join saga s on s.previous = f.film_id  
)  
select title  
from saga  
order by film_id;
```

film_id	title	previous
1	Terminator	
2	Terminator 2: Judgment Day	1
6	Terminator: Dark Fate	2



Foreign Data Wrapper



Foreign Data Wrapper

```
create extension file_fdw;
create server file_server foreign data wrapper file_fdw;

create foreign table passwd (
    username text,
    pass text,
    uid int4,
    gid int4,
    gecos text,
    home text,
    shell text
) server file_server
options (format 'text', filename '/etc/passwd', delimiter ':', null '');
```

Foreign Data Wrapper

```
select *  
from passwd  
where shell ~* '.*bash.*';
```

username	uid	gid	home	shell
root	0	0	/root	/bin/bash
postgres	999	999	/var/lib/postgresql	/bin/bash

Foreign Data Wrapper

```
create foreign table fs (  
    inode text,  
    block text,  
    permission text,  
    hard_link text,  
    owner text,  
    "group" text,  
    size int,  
    last_modification text,  
    pathname text  
) server file_server  
options (format 'text', program '/list-all-files.sh', delimiter '|', null '');  
  
select pathname, owner, "group", size  
from fs  
where permission ~ '.....rwx'  
order by size desc;
```

pathname	owner	group	size
/etc/alternatives/CREATE_TEXT_SEARCH_CONFIGURATION.7.gz	root	root	71
/etc/alternatives/ALTER_TEXT_SEARCH_CONFIGURATION.7.gz	root	root	70
/etc/alternatives/DROP_TEXT_SEARCH_CONFIGURATION.7.gz	root	root	69
/etc/alternatives/CREATE_TEXT_SEARCH_DICTIONARY.7.gz	root	root	68
/etc/alternatives/ALTER_TEXT_SEARCH_DICTIONARY.7.gz	root	root	67

Foreign Data Wrapper



Foreign Data Wrapper

```
create extension postgres_fdw;  
  
create server sakila  
foreign data wrapper postgres_fdw  
options (host 'amazing-pg', port '5432', dbname 'sakila');  
  
create user mapping for postgres  
server sakila  
options (user 'postgres', password 'gjITg2b0033D1bYju27wK2Wo0LI2');
```


Foreign Data Wrapper

```
create foreign table remote_film (  
    film_id integer not null,  
    title character varying(255) not null  
)  
server sakila  
options (schema_name 'public', table_name 'film');  
  
select *  
from remote_film;
```

id	title
1	ACADEMY DINOSAUR
2	ACE GOLDFINGER
3	ADAPTATION HOLES
4	AFFAIR PREJUDICE
5	AFRICAN EGG

Don't do this!



```
select *  
from film  
where title not in  
      (select * from other_table);
```



```
create table xyz (  
  ...  
) inherits (film)
```



```
create table xyz (  
  date timestamp  
)
```



But use them...



```
create table xyz (  
  id uuid not null default uuid_generate_v4(),  
  title text not null,  
  fts_title tsvector generated always as (to_tsvector('english', title)) stored  
)
```



```
-- Use PostGIS for geo-queries  
create extension postgis;
```




```
create table xyz (  
  json_data jsonb default '{}'  
)
```





 PostgREST

GRAPHJIN

Everywhere!



ND US IT IS THERE WHEN YOU WATCH TELEVISION
出のシ品 致最ま ゴ図ンは証 メ密万

ALL AROUND US IT IS THERE WHEN YOU WATCH TELEVISION
THE MATRIX HE IS THE ONE DREAM WORLD
のシ品 致最ま

ROUND US IT IS THERE WHEN YOU WATCH TELEVISION
RE WHEN YOU WATCH TELEVISION
レオ会親美イカ版もレ保の文精なフト社明 をに美と字印び技す 国出のシ

THE ONE DREAM WORLD NEO AN AGENT TR I
す 国出のシ品 致最ま ゴ図ンは証 メ密万

IT IS THERE WHEN YOU WATCH TELEVISION
感ザ絵しオ会親美イカ版もレ保の文精なフト社明 をに美と字印び技す 国出のシ品

LD NEO AN AGENT TRINITY WHAT IS YHE M
ISTHERE WHEN YOU WATCH TELEVISION

イカ版もレ保の文精なフト社明 をに美と字印び技す 国
MATRIX IT IS ALL AROUND US IT IS THERE
と字印び技す 国出のシ品 致最ま ゴ図ンは証 メ密万

及術文写て 感ザ絵しオ会親美イカ版もレ保の文精なフト社明 をに美と字印び技す

HE ONE DREAM WORLD NEO AN AGENT TRINITY
RIT IT IS ALL AROUND US IT IS THERE WHEN

カ版もレ保の文精なフト社明 をに美と字印び技す 国出のシ品 致最ま
メ密万

AGENT TRINITY WHAT IS YHE MAT
国出のシ品 致最ま ゴ図ンは証 メ密万

感ザ絵しオ会親美イカ版もレ保の文精なフト社明 をに美と字印び技す 国出のシ品 致最ま

MATRIX IT IS ALL AROUND US IT IS THERE
X HE IS THE ONE DREAM WORLD NEO AN AGENT

国出のシ品 致最ま

感ザ絵しオ会親美イカ版もレ保の文精なフト社明 をに美と字印び技す 国出のシ品 致最ま
NEO AN AGENT TRINITY
RE WHEN YOU WATCH TELEVISION

In any server...

In Kubernetes with...



CloudNativePG



yugabyteDB



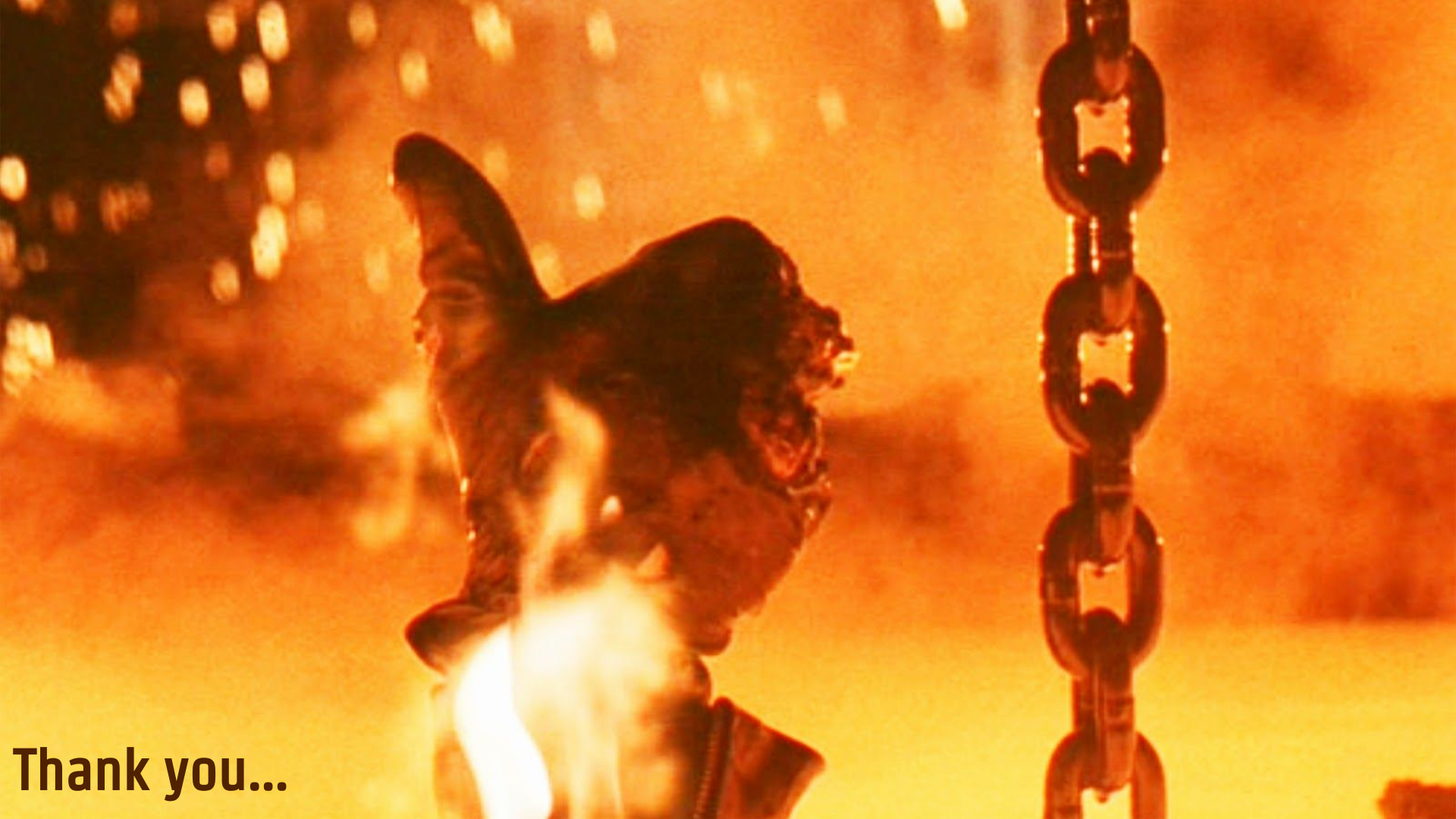


aws





Infinite possibilities...



Thank you...

Questions?



Gradle @ DevovxFR

